EMERGENCE OF PLASMA-ELECTROLYTE VORTICES ON THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN ELECTROLYTE JET AND A SOLID BODY AT LOW PRESSURES

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Many experimental and theoretic investigations show that some discharges (for example dielectric barrier discharge) create vortices in gas [1 - 2] due to a spatial discharge gradient interacting with electric field.

This work presents the results of experimental investigation of plasmaelectrolyte vortices on the boundary between an electrolyte jet and a solid body in the pressure range 7.6 – 608 Torr, electrolyte flow rate 4.5 g/s, jet length 35 mm, jet diameter 3 – 4 mm. Saturated water solution of NaCl was used as an electrolyte. The process was registered by digital camera «Panasonic» DMC – FZ90 and video camera «Sony» HDR – SR72F.

The glow discharge burns along the jet electrolyte cathode. The jet is surrounded by a blue colored negative glow. A weakly glowing region is observed near the metal anode, there being solid anode spot on the surface. The glow discharge has a conical shape embracing the jet. A diffuse glow discharge is observed on the end of the jet. With the pressure increase from 7.6 to 304 Torr the vortices are observed at the end of the jet.

References

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